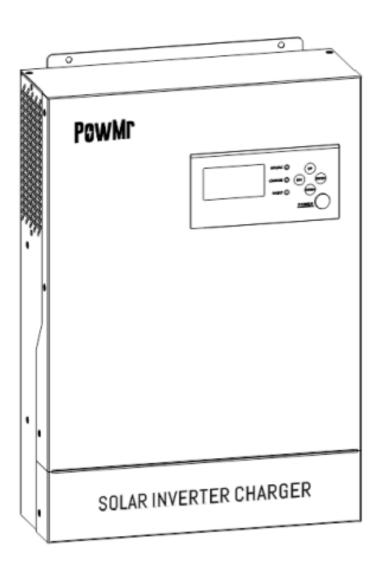
Product Model POW-HVM5.5K-48V POW-HVM5.5K-48V-P



POWMC

SOLAR INVERTER CHARGER
User Manual

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ABOUT THIS MANUAL

Purpose

This manual describes the assembly, installation, operation and troubleshooting of this unit. Please read this manual carefully before installations and operations. Keep this manual for future reference.

Scope

This manual provides safety and installation guidelines as well as information on tools and wiring.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



WARNING: This chapter contains important safety and operating instructions. Read and keep this manual for future reference.

- 1. Before using the unit, read all instructions and cautionary markings on the unit, the batteries and all appropriate sections of this manual.
- 2. **CAUTION** --To reduce risk of injury, charge only deep-cycle lead acid type rechargeable batteries. Other types of batteries may burst, causing personal injury and damage.
- **3**. Do not disassemble the unit. Take it to a qualified service center when service or repair is required. Incorrect re-assembly may result in a risk of electric shock or fire.
- 4. To reduce risk of electric shock, disconnect all wirings before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Turning off the unit will not reduce this risk.
 - 5. **CAUTION** Only qualified personnel can install this device with battery.
 - **6. NEVER** charge a frozen battery.
- 7. For optimum operation of this inverter/charger, please follow required spec to select appropriate cable size. It's very important to correctly operate this inverter/charger.
- 8. Be very cautious when working with metal tools on or around batteries. A potential risk exists to drop a tool to spark or short circuit batteries or other electrical parts and could cause an explosion.
- 9. Please strictly follow installation procedure when you want to disconnect AC or DC terminals. Please refer to INSTALLATION section of this manual for the details.
 - 10. Fuse is provided as over-current protection for the battery supply.
- 11. GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS -This inverter/charger should be connected to a permanent grounded wiring system. Be sure to comply with local requirements and regulation to install this inverter.
- 12. NEVER cause AC output and DC input short circuited. Do NOT connect to the mains when DC input short circuits.
- 13. **Warning!!** Only qualified service persons are able to service this device. If errors still persist after following troubleshooting table, please send this inverter/charger back to local dealer or service center for maintenance.

INTRODUCTION

This is a multi-function inverter/charger, combining functions of inverter, MPPT solar charger and battery charger to offer uninterruptible power support with portable size. Its comprehensive LCD display offers user-configurable and easy-accessible button operation such as battery charging current, AC/solar charger priority, and acceptable input voltage based on different applications.

Features

- Pure sine wave inverter
- Inverter running without battery
- •Built-in MPPT solar controller
- •Configurable input voltage range for home appliances and personal computers via LCD setting
- •Configurable battery charging current based on applications via LCD setting
- Configurable AC/Solar Charger priority via LCD setting
- Compatible to mains voltage or generator power
- Auto restart while AC is recovering
- •Overload/ Over temperature/ short circuit protection
- •Smart battery charger design for optimized battery performance
- Cold start function

Basic System Architecture

The following illustration shows basic application for this inverter/charger. It also includes following devices to have a complete running system:

- •Generator or Utility.
- •PV modules (option)

Consult with your system integrator for other possible system architectures depending on your requirements. This inverter can power all kinds of appliances in home or office environment, including motor-type appliances such as tube light, fan, refrigerator and air conditioner.

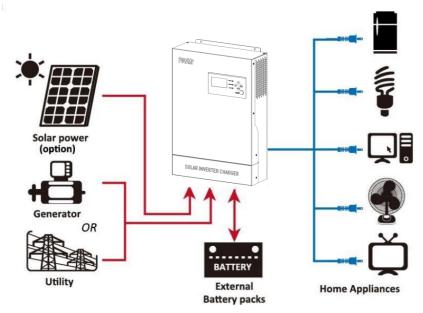
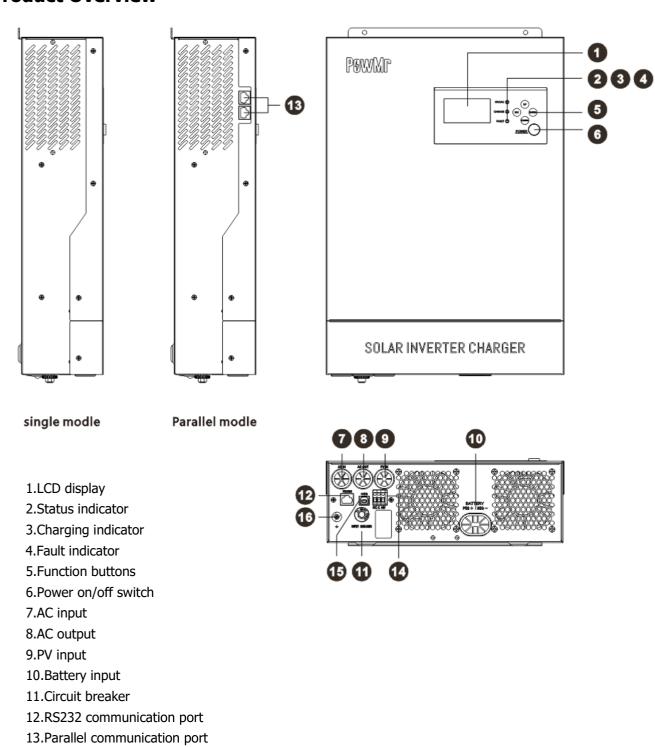


Figure 1 Hybrid Power System

Product Overview



NOTE: For parallel model installation and operation, please check the parallel installation guide for the details.

(only for parallel model)

15.USB communication port (Optional)

14.Dry contact (Optional)

16.Grounding

INSTALLATION

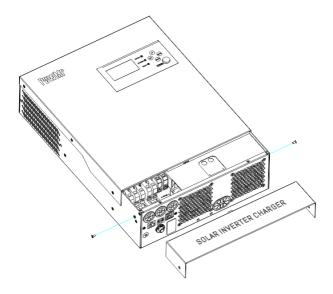
Unpacking and Inspection

Before installation, please inspect the unit. Be sure that nothing inside the package is damaged. You should have received the following items inside of package:

- •The unit x 1
- •User manual x 1
- Communication cable x 1

Preparation

Before connecting all wirings, please take off bottom cover by removing two screws as shown below.



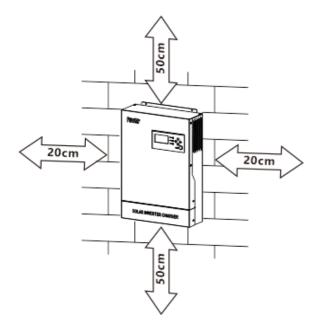
Mounting the Unit

Consider the following points before selecting where to install:

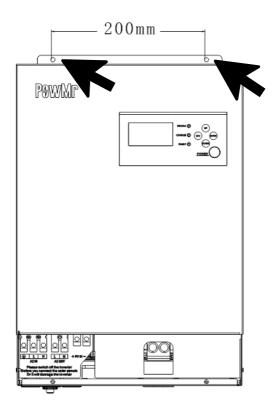
- •Do not mount the inverter on flammable construction materials.
 - Mount on a solid surface
- •Install this inverter at eye level in order to allow the LCD display to be read at all times.
- ●The ambient temperature should be between 0°C and 55°C to ensure optimal operation.
- The recommended installation position is to be adhered to the wall vertically.
- •Be sure to keep other objects and surfaces as shown in the right diagram to guarantee sufficient heat dissipation and to have enough space for removing wires.



SUITABLE FOR MOUNTING ON CONCRETE OR OTHER NON-COMBUSTIBLE SURFACE ONLY.



Install the unit by screwing three screws. It's recommended to use M4 or M5 screws.

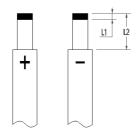


Battery Connection

CAUTION: For safety operation and regulation compliance, it's requested to install a separate DC over-current protector or disconnect device between battery and inverter. It may not be requested to have a disconnect device in some applications, however, it's still requested to have over-current protection installed. Please refer to typical amperage in below table as required fuse or breaker size.

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

WARNING! It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for battery connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable stripping length(L2) and tinning length(L1) as below.



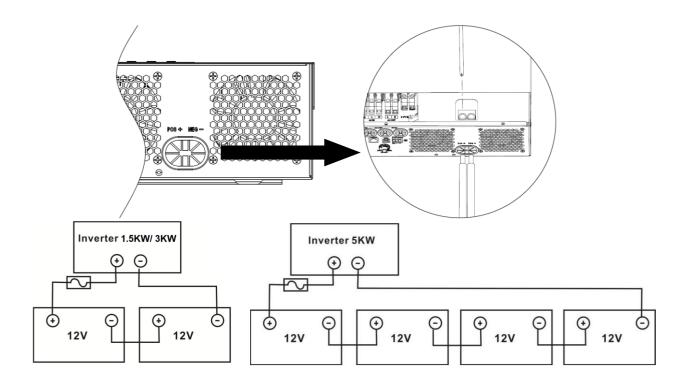
Stripping Length:

Recommended battery cable stripping length (L2) and tinning length(L1):

| Model | Maximum Amperage | Battery capacity | Wire Size | Cable mm ² | L1 (mm) | L 2 (mm) | Torque value |
|--------|---------------------|------------------|-----------|--------------------------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1.5KVA | 68A | 100AH | 4AWG | 22 | 3 | 18 | 2~ 3 Nm |
| 3.5KVA | 137A | 100AH | 2AWG | 38 | 3 | 18 | 2~ 3 Nm |
| 5.5KVA | 137A | 200AH | 2AWG | 38 | 3 | 18 | 2~ 3 Nm |

Please follow below steps to implement battery connection:

- 1. Remove insulation sleeve 18 mm for positive and negative cables based on recommended stripping length.
- 2. Connect all battery packs as units requires. It's suggested to use recommended battery capacity.
- 3. Insert battery cable flatly into battery connector of inverter and make sure the bolts are tightened with torque of 2-3 Nm. Make sure polarity at both the battery and the inverter/charge is correctly connected and battery cables are tightly screwed to the battery connector.





WARNING: Shock Hazard

Installation must be performed with care due to high battery voltage in series.



CAUTION!! Do not place anything between the flat part of the inverter terminal Otherwise, overheating may occur.

CAUTION!! Do not apply anti-oxidant substance on the terminals before terminals are connected tightly.

CAUTION!! Before making the final DC connection or closing DC breaker/disconnector, be sure positive (+) must be connected to positive (+) and negative (-) must be connected to negative (-).

AC Input/Output Connection

CAUTION!! Before connecting to AC input power source, please install a **separate** AC breaker between inverter and AC input power source. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of AC input. The recommended spec of AC breaker is 50A. **CAUTION!!** There are two terminal blocks with "IN" and "OUT" markings. Please do NOT mis-connect input and output connectors.

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

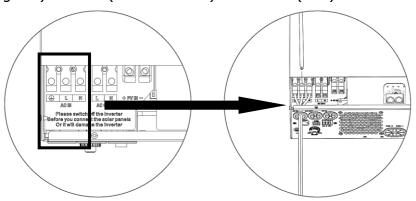
WARNING! It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for AC input connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Suggested cable requirement for AC wires

| Model | Gauge | Torque Value |
|--------|-------|--------------|
| 1.5KVA | 12AWG | 1.2~ 1.4Nm |
| 3.5KVA | 10AWG | 1.4~ 1.6Nm |
| 5.5KVA | 8 AWG | 1.4~ 1.6Nm |

Please follow below steps to implement AC input/output connection:

- 1. Before making AC input/output connection, be sure to open DC protector or disconnector first.
- 2. Remove insulation sleeve 10mm for six conductors. And shorten phase L and neutral conductor N 3 mm.
- 3. Insert AC input wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten the terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor () first.
- \bigoplus Ground (yellow-green) L \rightarrow LINE (brown or black) N \rightarrow Neutral (blue)



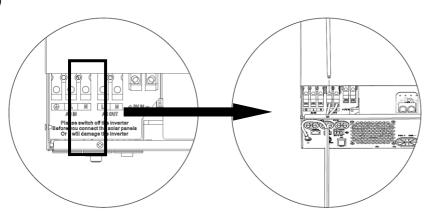
Ŵ

WARNING:

Be sure that AC power source is disconnected before attempting to hardwire it to the unit.

- 4. Then, insert AC output wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor () first.
 - Ground (yellow-green)
 - L→LINE (brown or black)

N→Neutral (blue)



Make sure the wires are securely connected.

CAUTION: Important

Be sure to connect AC wires with correct polarity. If L and N wires are connected reversely, it may cause utility short-circuited when these inverters are worked in parallel operation.

CAUTION: Appliances such as air conditioner are required at least 2~3 minutes to restart because it's required to have enough time to balance refrigerant gas inside of circuits. If a power shortage occurs and recovers in a short time, it will cause damage to your connected appliances. To prevent this kind of damage, please check manufacturer of air conditioner if it's equipped with time-delay function before installation. Otherwise, this inverter/charger will trig overload fault and cut off output to protect your appliance but sometimes it still causes internal damage to the air conditioner.

PV Connection

CAUTION: Before connecting to PV modules, please install **separately** a DC circuit breaker between inverter and PV modules.

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

WARNING! It'' very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for PV module connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

| Model | Typical Amperage | Cable Size | Torque |
|--------|------------------|------------|------------|
| 1.5KVA | 10A | 12 AWG | 1.2~1.4 Nm |
| 3.5KVA | 15A | 12 AWG | 1.4~1.6 Nm |
| 5.5KVA | 18A | 12 AWG | 1.4~1.6 Nm |

PV Module Selection:

When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below parameters:

- 1. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules not exceeds max. PV array open circuit voltage of inverter.
- 2. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules should be higher than min. battery voltage.

| Solar Charging Mode | · |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| INVERTER MODEL | 1.5KVA / 3.5KVA / 5.5KVA |
| Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage | 500DC |
| PV Array MPPT Voltage Range | 120VDC~450VDC |

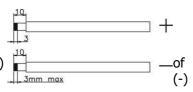
Take the 330Wp PV module as an example. After considering above two parameters, the recommended module configurations are listed in the table below.

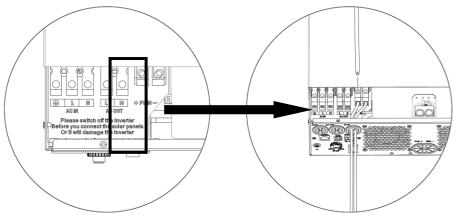
| Solar Panel Spec. | SOLAR INPUT | Q'ty of | Total input | Inverter |
|---|--|---------|-------------|----------------------|
| (reference) | Min in serial: 6 pcs, max. in serial: 12 pcs | panels | power | Model |
| - 330Wp | 6 pcs in serial | 6 pcs | 1980W | 1.5KVA/3.5KVA/5.5KVA |
| - Vmp: 33.25Vdc - Imp: 9.925A - Voc: 40.35Vdc - Isc: 10.79A - Cells: 60 | 10 pcs in serial | 10 pcs | 3300W | 3.5KVA/5.5KVA |
| | 12 pcs in serial | 12 pcs | 3960W | 3.5KVA/5.5KVA |
| | 6 pieces in serial and 2 sets in parallel | 12 pcs | 3960W | 3.5KVA/5.5KVA |
| | 8 pieces in serial and 2 sets in parallel | 16 pcs | 5280W | 5.5KVA |

PV Module Wire Connection:

Please follow below steps to implement PV module connection:

- 1. Remove insulation sleeve 10 mm for positive and negative conductors.
- 2. Check correct polarity of connection cable from PV modules and PV input connectors. Then, connect positive pole (+) of connection cable to positive pole (+) PV input connector. Connect negative pole (-) of connection cable to negative pole of PV input connector.

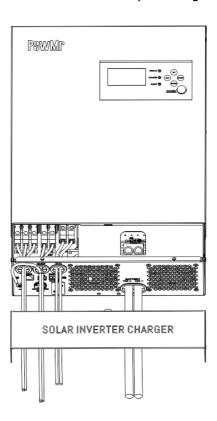




3. Make sure the wires are securely connected.

Final Assembly

After connecting all wirings, please put bottom cover back by screwing two screws as shown below.



Dry Contact Signal

There is one dry contact (3A/250VAC) available on the rear panel. When program 38 is set as "disable", it could be used to deliver signal to external device when battery voltage reaches warning level. When program 38 is set as "enable" and the unit is working in battery mode, it could be used to trigger the grounding box to connect neutral and grounding of AC output together.

When program 38 is set as "disable" (default setting):

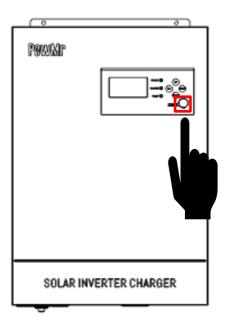
| Unit Status | Condition | | | Dry contact port: NCCNO | |
|-------------|---|--|--|-------------------------|--------|
| | | | | NC & C | NO & C |
| Power Off | Unit is off an | d no output is | powered. | Close | Open |
| | Output is pov | wered from Util | lity. | Close | Open |
| Power On | Output is powered from | Program 01 set as Utility | Battery voltage < Low DC warning voltage Battery voltage > Setting value in Program 13 or battery charging reaches floating stage | Open Close | Close |
| Batt | Battery or Program 01 Solar. is set as SBU or Solar first | Battery voltage < Setting value in Program 12 | Open | Close | |
| | | Battery voltage > Setting value in Program 13 or battery charging reaches floating stage | Close | Open | |

When program 38 is set as "enable":

| Unit Status | Condition | Dry contact port: NC C NO | | |
|-------------|---|---------------------------|--------|--|
| | | NC & C | NO & C | |
| Power Off | Unit is off and no output is powered. | Close | Open | |
| | Unit works in standby mode, line mode or fault mode | Close | Open | |
| Power On | Unit works in battery mode or power saving mode | Open | Close | |

OPERATION

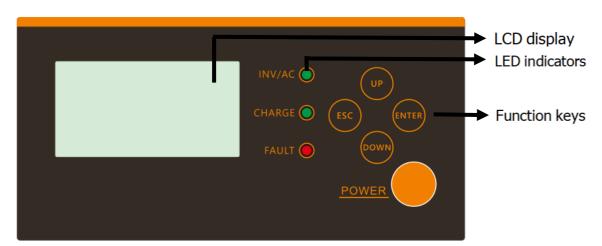
Power ON/OFF



Once the unit has been properly installed and the batteries are connected well, simply press On/Off switch (located on the button of the case) to turn on the unit.

Operation and Display Panel

The operation and display panel, shown in below chart, is on the front panel of the inverter. It includes three indicators, four function keys and a LCD display, indicating the operating status and input/output power information.



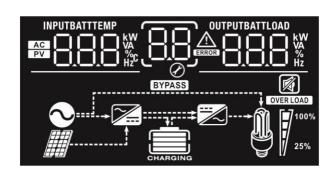
LED Indicator

| LED Indicator | | | Messages |
|---------------|-----------|----------|---|
| AC / TNN/ | AC / TAB/ | | Output is powered by utility in Line mode. |
| AC / INV | Green | Flashing | Output is powered by battery or PV in battery mode. |
| CHARCE | Cucon | Solid On | Battery is fully charged. |
| CHARGE | Green | Flashing | Battery is charging. |
| EALUT Ded | | Solid On | Fault occurs in the inverter. |
| FAULT | Red | Flashing | Warning condition occurs in the inverter. |

Function Keys

| Function Key | Description |
|---------------------|--|
| ESC | To exit setting mode |
| UP | To go to previous selection |
| DOWN | To go to next selection |
| ENTER | To confirm the selection in setting mode or enter setting mode |

LCD Display Icons



| Icon | Function description |
|---------------------------|--|
| Input Source Inf | ormation |
| AC | Indicates the AC input. |
| PV | Indicates the PV input |
| INPUTBATT KW VA %c | Indicate input voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, battery voltage and charger current. |
| Configuration Pro | ogram and Fault Information |
| 88 | Indicates the setting programs. |
| | Indicates the warning and fault codes. |
| | Warning: flashing with warning code. Fault: lighting with fault code |
| Output Informat | |
| OUTPUTBATTLOAD KW VA % Hz | Indicate output voltage, output frequency, load percent, load in VA, load in Watt and discharging current. |
| Battery Informat | ion |
| CHARGING | Indicates battery level by 0-24%, 25-49%, 50-74% and 75-100% in battery mode and charging status in line mode. |

| Load Information | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------|----------|
| OVER LOAD | Indicates overload. | | | |
| | Indicates the load | evel by 0-24%, 25-4 | 49%, 50-74% and 7 | 5-100%. |
| M 7100% | 0%~24% | 25%~49% | 50%~74% | 75%~100% |
| 25% | [] | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| Mode Operation Information | | | | |
| | Indicates unit connects to the mains. | | | |
| | Indicates unit connects to the PV panel. | | | |
| BYPASS | Indicates load is supplied by utility power. | | | |
| | Indicates the utility charger circuit is working. | | | |
| | Indicates the DC/AC inverter circuit is working. | | | |
| Mute Operation | | | | |
| | Indicates unit alarr | Indicates unit alarm is disabled. | | |

LCD Setting

After pressing and holding ENTER button for 3 seconds, the unit will enter setting mode. Press "UP" or "DOWN" button to select setting programs. And then, press "ENTER" button to confirm the selection or ESC button to exit.

Setting Programs:

| Program | Description | Selectable option | |
|---------|---|----------------------------|---|
| | | Solar first | Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, battery energy will supply power the loads at the same time. Utility provides power to the loads only when any one condition happens: - Solar energy is not available - Battery voltage drops to either low-level warning voltage or the setting point in program 12. |
| 01 | Output source priority: To configure load power source priority | Utility first (default) | Utility will provide power to the loads as first priority. Solar and battery energy will provide power to the loads only when utility power is not available. Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, battery |
| | | 0 ₀ I_S6U_ | energy will supply power to the loads at the same time. Utility provides power to the loads only when battery voltage drops to either low-level warning voltage or the setting point in program 12. |
| | | SUB priority SUB priority | Solar energy is charged first and then power to the loads. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, Utility energy will supply power to the loads at the same time. |

| | | 10A | 20A |
|-----|--|-------------------------------|--|
| | Maximum charging current: To configure total charging current for solar and utility | 05 10, | <u>0</u> \$ <u>50</u> * |
| | | 30A 02 30 ^ | 40A 02 <u>40^</u> |
| 02 | chargers. (Max. charging current = utility charging current + solar charging current) | 50A 02 <u>50</u> ^ | 60A (default) |
| | | 70A 02 70 ^ | 80A 02 80^ |
| 03 | AC input voltage range | Appliances (default) | If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 90-280VAC. |
| 0.5 | AC Input voltage fallye | UPS UPS | If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 170-280VAC. |
| 04 | Power saving mode enable/disable | Saving mode disable (default) | If disabled, no matter connected load is low or high, the on/off status of inverter output will not be effected. |
| | | Saving mode enable | If enabled, the output of inverter will be off when connected load is pretty low or not detected. |
| | | AGM (default) | Flooded FLd |
| 05 | Battery type | User-Defined | If "User-Defined" is selected, battery charge voltage and low DC cut-off voltage can be set up in program 26, 27 and 29. |
| 06 | Auto restart when overload occurs | Restart disable (default) | Restart enable |
| 07 | Auto restart when over temperature occurs | Restart disable (default) | Restart enable |
| 08 | Output voltage | 0 <u>8</u> 220° | 230V (default) 08 230° |
| 00 | Sarpac Voltage | 240V 0 <u>8</u> 240° | |

| 09 | Output frequency | 50Hz (default) | 60Hz 0960 _{нz} |
|----|---|---------------------------|---|
| 10 | Auto bypass When selecting "auto", if the mains power is normal, it will automatically bypass, even if the switch is off. | manual(default) | auto ID RED |
| | | 2A 2R 20A | 10A |
| | | ₀ _208_ | |
| 11 | Maximum utility charging current | 40A | 50A SOR_ |
| | | 60A 60A | 70A |
| | | 80A | |
| | | Available options in 48 | |
| | | 44V | 45V |
| | | 46V (default) BATT W W | 47V |
| | | 48V | 49V |
| | Setting voltage point back to utility source when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. | 50V | 51V |
| 12 | | 52V | 53V S |
| | | 54V | 55V |
| | | Available options in 24 | |
| | | DATT | 23V (default) 24 V 24 |
| | | 25 V 2 | 26V 27 V |

| Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "Sell priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "Sell priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "Sell priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "Sell priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "Sell priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "Sell priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "Sell priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "Sell priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "Sell priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "Sell priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "Sell priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "Sell priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "Sell priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "Sell priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "Sell priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "Sell priority" or "Sell priority" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "Sell priority" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when sell priority in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when sell priority in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery when sell priority in program 01. Setting volta | | | Available options in 48V models: |
|--|----|------------------------------|---|
| Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Sam | | | Battery fully charged 48V |
| A9V | | | (default) |
| Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting voltage point back to b | | | 49V 50V |
| Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "SBU priority" | | | 51V 52V BATT BATT |
| Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "SBU priority" | | | |
| Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "SBU priorit | | | |
| Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Solar first" in program 01. Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Solar first in progra | | | |
| to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. Solar first" in program 01. Solar first" in program 02. Solar first in program 02. Solar f | | | 57V 58V BATT BATT |
| "Solar first" in program 01. Solar first" in program 01. Solar v Sola | 13 | to battery mode when | 59V 60V |
| Available options in 24V models: Battery fully charged (default) BATT BATT V Available options in 24V models: Battery fully charged (default) BATT BATT V BATT V BATT V BATT V BATT V 26V BATT V 27V (default) BATT V 28V BATT V 29V BATT D BATT V BATT BATT BATT V BATT BATT | | "Solar first" in program 01. | <u> </u> |
| Available options in 24V models: Battery fully charged (default) BATT 25V 25V 25V 26V 30V BATT 28V BATT 29V 30V BATT A DESCRIPTION BATT BATT | | | |
| (default) | | | · |
| 25V 25V 26V 13 250 V 26V 27V (default) 28V 29V 30V 29V 30V 30V 13 200 V 30V 13 200 V | | | |
| 27V (default) 28V 29V 30V BATT 29V BATT 29V 30V BATT 30V BATT 43 BATT 44 BATT 45 BATT 45 BATT 46 BATT 47 BATT 47 BATT 48 | | | ı¬ _BATT. iヺ 2ЧП′ |
| 27V (default) 28V 30v 30v | | | |
| | | | <u> </u> |
| 29v 30v | | | |
| | | | 29v 30v BATT V BATT V |

| | | | r is working in Line, Standby or Fault |
|----|---|--|--|
| | | Solar first Utility first | can be programmed as below: Solar energy will charge battery as first priority. Utility will charge battery only when solar energy is not available. Utility will charge battery as first priority. |
| | Charger course priority | ip <u>CNF</u> | Solar energy will charge battery only when utility power is not available. |
| 16 | Charger source priority: To configure charger source priority | Solar and Utility (default) | Solar energy and utility will charge battery at the same time. |
| | | Only Solar | Solar energy will be the only charger source no matter utility is available or not. |
| | | saving mode, only sol | r is working in Battery mode or Power ar energy can charge battery. Solar tery if it's available and sufficient. |
| | Buzzer mode | Mode1 6U2 0 nd | Buzzer mute |
| 18 | | Mode2 6U2 0 nd2 | The buzzer sounds when the input source changes or there is a specific warning or fault |
| | | Mode3 6U2 8 nd3 | The buzzer sounds when there is a specific warning or fault |
| | | Mode4(default) | The buzzer sounds when there is a fault |
| 19 | Auto return to default display screen | Return to default display screen (default) | If selected, no matter how users switch display screen, it will automatically return to default display screen (Input voltage /output voltage) after no button is pressed for 1 minute. |
| | | Stay at latest screen | If selected, the display screen will stay at latest screen user finally switches. |
| 20 | Backlight control | Backlight on (default) | Backlight off Compared to the second |

| 23 | Overload bypass: When enabled, the unit will | Bypass disable (default) | Bypass enable | |
|----|---|---|---|--|
| 23 | transfer to line mode if overload occurs in battery mode. | 5 <u>\$</u> 888 | 5 <u>3</u> PAE | |
| 25 | Modbus ID Setting | Modbus ID Setting Ra | nge : 001(default)~247 | |
| | | 48V models default se | etting: 56.4V | |
| | | 5 | <u> 56.4°</u> | |
| 26 | Bulk charging voltage (C.V voltage) | 24V models default se | etting: 28.2V | |
| | (c.v voltage) | <u> [</u> |) <u>28.2°</u> | |
| | | up. Setting range is fro | ed in program 5, this program can be set m 25.0V to 31.5V for 24v model and v model. Increment of each click is 0.1V. | |
| | | 48V models default se | etting: 54.0V | |
| | | <u>_ </u> | !_ <u>540*</u> | |
| 27 | Floating charging voltage | 24V models default setting: 27.0V | | |
| | | <u> </u> | | |
| | | up. Setting range is fro | ed in program 5, this program can be set m 25.0V to 31.5V for 24v model and v model. Increment of each click is 0.1V. | |
| | | Single: This inverter is single phase application | i operated in parallel system i | |
| | | | (Need hardware support) | |
| | | Ø | | |
| 28 | AC output mode | L1 phase | The inverter is operated in L1 phase in 3-phase application | |
| | | L2 phase 3P2 | The inverter is operated in L2 phase in 3-phase application | |
| | | L3 phase | The inverter is operated in L3 phase in 3-phase application | |
| | | 48V models default se | | |
| 29 | Low DC cut-off voltage | <u> [0-</u> 58 | _ <u>450</u> * | |

| | | 24V models default setting | g: 21.0v |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| | | up. Setting range is from 2 40.0V to 54.0V for 48v mod | n program 5, this program can be set 0.0V to 27.0V for 24v model and del. Increment of each click is 0.1V. be fixed to setting value no matter s connected. |
| | Solar power balance: | Solar power balance enable (Default): | If selected, solar input power will be automatically adjusted according to the following formula: Max. input solar power = Max. battery charging power + Connected load power. |
| When enabled, solar input power will be automatically adjusted according to connected load power. | Solar power balance disable: | If selected, the solar input power will be the same to max. battery charging power no matter how much loads are connected. The max. battery charging power will be based on the setting current in program 02. (Max. solar power = Max. battery charging power) | |
| | | Automatically (Default): | If selected, inverter will judge this charging time automatically. |
| 32 | Bulk charging time (C.V stage) | 5 min 32 5 900 min 32 900 | The setting range is from 5 min to 900 min. Increment of each click is 5 min. |
| | | If "USE" is selected in prog | gram 05, this program can be set up. |
| 33 | Battery equalization | Battery equalization 3 | Battery equalization disable (default) |
| 34 | Rattery equalization voltage | 48V models default setting is 58.4V. Setting range is 148V ~ 64V. Increment of each click is 0.1V. | |
| 34 | Battery equalization voltage | 24V models default setting 24V ~ 32V. Increment of | g is 29.2V. Setting range is from each click is 0.1V. |

| | | 60min (default) | Setting range is from 5min to |
|----|--|--|--|
| 35 | Battery equalized time | 135 ga | 900min. Increment of each |
| | | <u> </u> | click is 5min. |
| | | 120min (default) | Setting range is from 5min to |
| 36 | Battery equalized timeout | 36 130 | 900 min. Increment of each |
| | | | click is 5 min. |
| | | 30days (default) | Setting range is from 0 to 90 |
| 37 | Equalization interval | | days. Increment of each click |
| | | | is 1 day |
| | | | g of AC output is disconnected. |
| | | (Default) | |
| | AII | ncr 38 | וו 🗆 |
| | Allow neutral and grounding of AC output is connected | <u></u> | |
| | together: When enabled, inverter can deliver signal to trigger grounding box to short neutral and grounding | Enable: Neutral and grounding | of AC output is connected. |
| 38 | | مدد ہوں ، | COO. |
| | | | E¦¦H |
| | | | |
| | and the great and great an | This function is only available with external grounding box. | |
| | | working in battery mode, it wil | |
| | | connect neutral and grounding | |
| | | Enable | Disable (default) |
| | | 39 REN | 39 016 |
| | | Ø — <u> </u> | |
| | | | led in program 33, this program |
| 39 | Equalization activated | can be set up. If "Enable" is se | elected in this program, it's to nmediately and LCD main page |
| 39 | immediately | | |
| | | will shows " Eq". If "Disable" | is selected, it will cancel |
| | | equalization function until next | |
| | | arrives based on program 37 s | etting. At this time, " " will |
| | | not be shown in LCD main pag | e. |

Setting for lithium battery

This suggestion is used for lithium battery application and avoid lithium battery BMS protection, please finish the setting as follow:

- 1.Before starting setting, you must get the battery BMS specification:
- A. Max charging voltage
- B. Max charging current
- C. Discharging protection voltage

2.Set battery type as "USE" (user-defined)

| | | AGM (default) | Flooded FLd |
|----|--------------|---------------|--|
| 05 | Battery type | User-Defined | If "User-Defined" is selected, battery charge voltage and low DC cut-off voltage can be set up in program 26, 27 and 29. |

3. Set C.V voltage as Max charging voltage of BMS-0.5V.

| | | default setting: 56.4V |
|----|--|--|
| 26 | Bulk charging voltage (C.V voltage) | 2 <u>\$5<u>6</u>4_*_</u> |
| | (c.v voltage) | If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 48.0V to 64.0V. Increment of each click is 0.1V. |

4. Set floating charging voltage as C.V voltage.

| | | default setting: 54.0V |
|----|---------------------------|--|
| 27 | Floating charging voltage | <u> </u> |
| | | If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 48.0V to 64.0V. Increment of each click is 0.1V. |

5. Set Low DC cut-off voltage ≥discharging protection voltage of BMS+2V.

| | | default setting: 42.0V |
|----|---------------------------|---|
| 20 | Low DC sub off walks as | |
| 29 | 29 Low DC cut-off voltage | If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 40.0V to 54.0V. Increment of |
| | | each click is 0.1V. Low DC cut-off voltage will be fixed to setting value no matter what percentage of load is connected. |

6. Set Max charging current which must be less than the Max charging current of BMS.

| | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | |
|----|---|---------------|-----------------------------|--|
| | | 10A | 20A | |
| | | 0\$ 10 | 0 <u>,</u> 0 <u>\$ 50</u> , | |
| | Maximum charging current: | 30A | 40A | |
| 02 | To configure total charging current for solar and utility | 0Š 3C | <u>0^</u> 0& <u>40^</u> | |
| 02 | chargers. (Max. charging current = | 50A | 60A (default) | |
| | utility charging current + solar charging current) | 02 50 | <u>0^</u> 0 <u>2 60^</u> | |
| | | 70A | 80A | |
| | | 0 <u>2</u> 70 | <u>0,</u> 0\$ 80, | |

7. Setting voltage point back to utility source when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. The setting value must be ≥Low DC cut-off voltage+1V, or else the inverter will have a warning as battery voltage low.

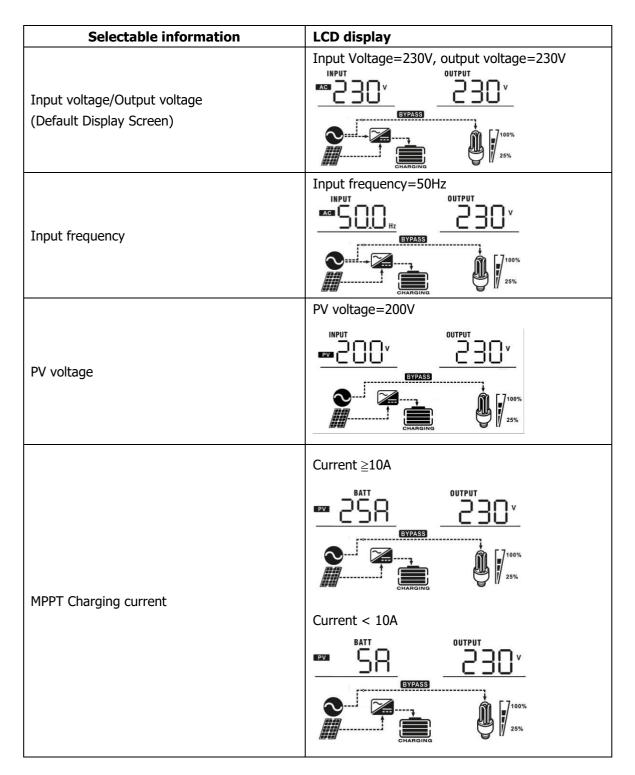
| 12 | Setting voltage point back to utility source when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. | Available options in 48V models: 46V (default) |
|----|---|--|
| | | Available options in 24V models: 23V (default) |

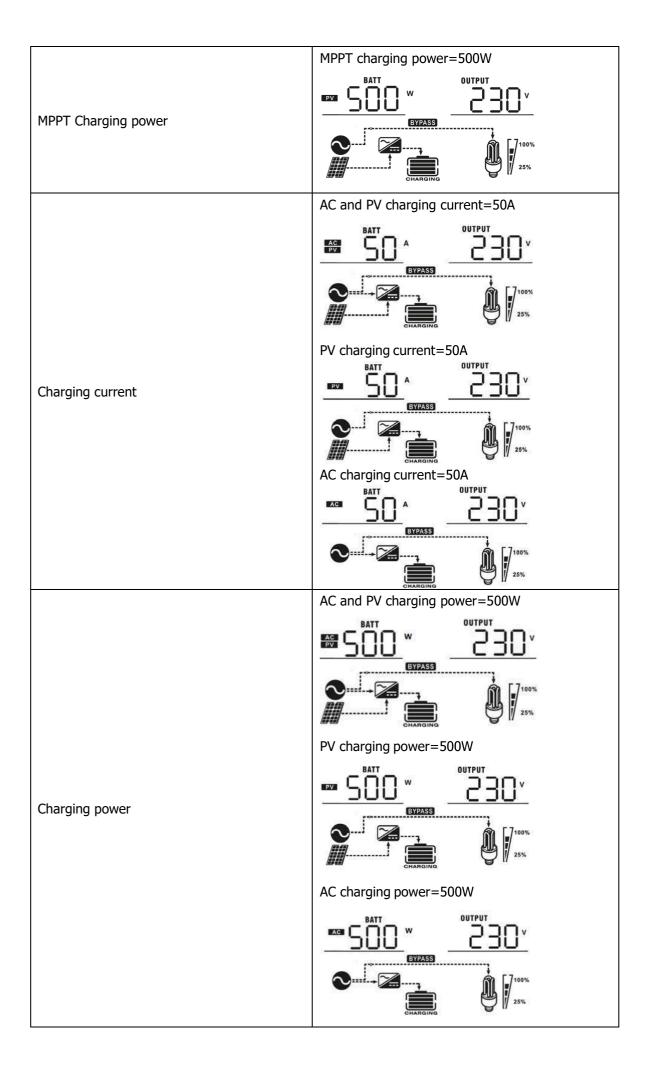
Remark:

- 1.you'd better to finish setting without turn on the inverter(just let the LCD show, no output);
- 2.when you finish setting, please restart the inverter.

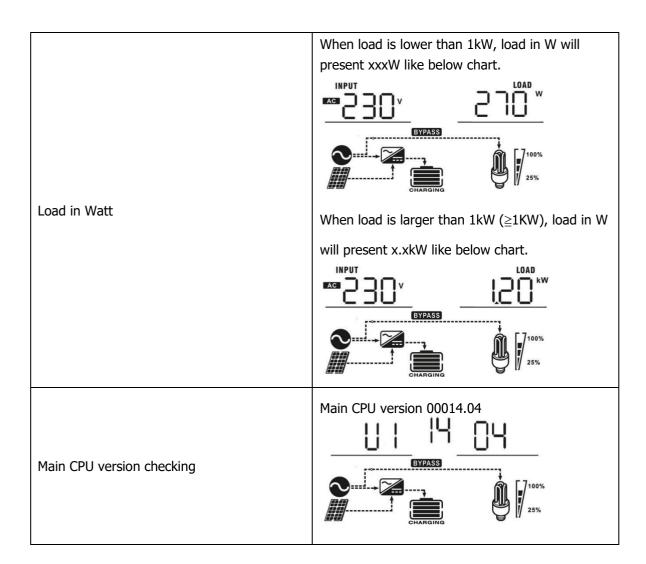
Display Setting

The LCD display information will be switched in turns by pressing "UP" or "DOWN" key. The selectable information is switched as below order: input voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, MPPT charging current, MPPT charging power, charging current, charging power, battery voltage, output voltage, output frequency, load percentage, load in VA, load in Watt, DC discharging current, main CPU Version and second CPU Version.





| | Battery voltage=25.5V, discharging current=1A | |
|---|---|--|
| Battery voltage/ DC discharging current | BATT A BATT BATT A BATT B | |
| | OHARGING 7100% | |
| | Output frequency=50Hz | |
| Output frequency | OUTPUT SUPPLIES BYPASS | |
| | CMARGING 100% | |
| | Load percent=70% | |
| Load percentage | BATT V LOAD % | |
| | 7100% CHARGING | |
| | When connected load is lower than 1kVA, load in | |
| | VA will present xxxVA like below chart. BATT SYPASS SYPASS SYPASS OHARGING | |
| Load in VA | When load is larger than 1kVA (≥1KVA), load in VA | |
| | will present x.xkVA like below chart. | |
| | BATT V LOAD \$\frac{1}{5}\frac{1}{ | |
| | CHARGING 7100% | |



Operating Mode Description

| Operation mode | Description | LCD display |
|--|--|--|
| Standby mode / Power saving mode Note: *Standby mode: The inverter is not turned on yet but at this time, the inverter can charge battery without AC output. *Power saving mode: If enabled, the output of inverter will be off when connected load is pretty low or not detected. | No output is supplied by the unit but it still can charge batteries. | Charging by utility. Charging by utility. Charging by PV energy. Charging by PV energy. No charging. |

| Fault mode Note: *Fault mode: Errors are caused by inside circuit error or external reasons such as over temperature, output short circuited and so on. | PV energy and utility can charge batteries. | Charging by utility and PV energy. Charging by utility. Charging by PV energy. Charging by PV energy. No charging. | |
|---|--|---|--|
| | The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode. | Charging by utility and PV energy. BYPASS CHARGING CHARGING | |
| Line Mode | The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode. | Charging by utility. BYPASS CHARGING CHARGING | |
| | The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode. | If "solar first" is selected as output source priority and solar energy is not sufficient to provide the load, solar energy and the utility will provide the loads and charge the battery at the same time. BYPASS CHARGING | |

| | The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode. | if "SUB" is selected as output source priority and battery is connected, solar energy will charge battery as first priority. if solar energy is sufficient for charging, solar and the utility will provide the loads. BYPASS CHARGING | |
|--------------|--|--|--|
| Line Mode | The unit will provide output power from the mains. | If "solar first" is selected as output source priority and battery is not connected, solar energy and the utility will provide the loads. Power from utility. | |
| | | Power from battery and PV energy. | |
| | | CHARGING CHARGING | |
| | The unit will provide output power from battery and PV power. | PV energy will supply power to the loads and charge battery at the same time | |
| Battery Mode | | CHARGING 25% | |
| | | Power from battery only. | |
| | | Power from PV energy only. | |

Fault Reference Code

| Fault Code | Fault Event | Icon on |
|------------|-------------------------------------|---------|
| 01 | Reserved | |
| 02 | Over temperature | |
| 03 | Battery voltage is too high | |
| 04 | Reserved | |
| 05 | Output short circuited. | |
| 06 | Output voltage is too high. | []6, |
| 07 | Overload time out | |
| 08 | Bus voltage is too high | |
| 09 | Bus soft start failed | |
| 10 | PV over current | |
| 11 | PV over voltage | |
| 12 | DCDC over current | |
| 13 | Over current or surge | |
| 14 | Bus voltage is too low | |
| 15 | Inverter failed (Self-checking) | |
| 16 | Over DC voltage in AC output | |
| 17 | Reserved | |
| 18 | Op current offset is too high | |
| 19 | Inverter current offset is too high | |
| 20 | DC/DC current offset is too high | |
| 21 | PV current offset is too high | |
| 22 | Output voltage is too low | |
| 23 | Inverter negative power | |

Warning Indicator

| Warning Code | Warning Event | Audible Alarm | Icon flashing |
|-----------------|--|-------------------------------|------------------|
| 02 | Temperature is too High | Beep three times every second | <u> </u> |
| 04 | Low battery | Beep once every second | []4 |
| 07 | Overload | Beep once every 0.5 second | OVER LOAD 725% |
| 10 | Output power derating | Beep twice every 3 seconds | |
| 15 | PV energy is low | Beep twice every 3 seconds | |
| 20 | Battery low and it isn't up to the setting value of program 13 | Beep twice every 3 seconds | <u>20</u> 4 |
| E9 | Battery equalization | None | [E9 ^A |
| bP. | Battery is not connected | None | |

BATTERY EQUALIZATION

Equalization function is added into charge controller. It reverses the buildup of negative chemical effects like stratification, a condition where acid concentration is greater at the bottom of the battery than at the top. Equalization also helps to remove sulfate crystals that might have built up on the plates. If left unchecked, this condition, called sulfation, will reduce the overall capacity of the battery. Therefore, it's recommended to equalize battery periodically.

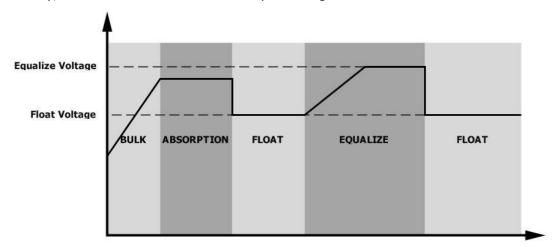
How to Apply Equalization Function

You must enable battery equalization function in monitoring LCD setting program 33 first. Then, you may apply this function in device by either one of following methods:

- 1. Setting equalization interval in program 37.
- 2.Active equalization immediately in program 39.

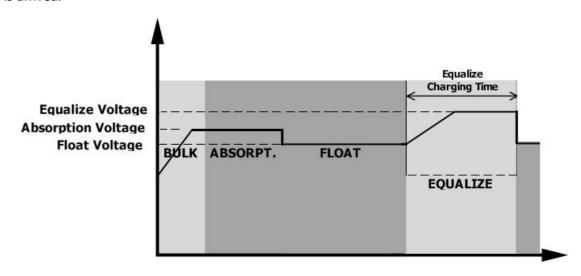
When to Equalize

In float stage, when the setting equalization interval (battery equalization cycle) is arrived, or equalization is active immediately, the controller will start to enter Equalize stage.

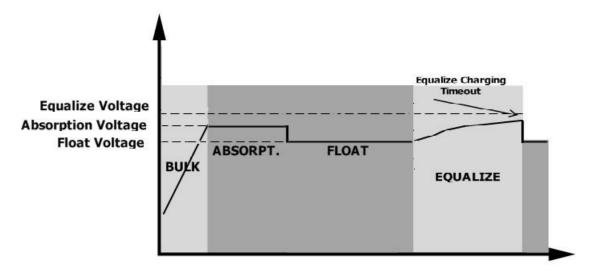


Equalize charging time and timeout

In Equalize stage, the controller will supply power to charge battery as much as possible until battery voltage raises to battery equalization voltage. Then, constant-voltage regulation is applied to maintain battery voltage at the battery equalization voltage. The battery will remain in the Equalize stage until setting battery equalized time is arrived.



However, in Equalize stage, when battery equalized time is expired and battery voltage doesn't rise to battery equalization voltage point, the charge controller will extend the battery equalized time until battery voltage achieves battery equalization voltage. If battery voltage is still lower than battery equalization voltage when battery equalized timeout setting is over, the charge controller will stop equalization and return to float stage.



SPECIFICATIONS

Table 1 Line Mode Specifications

| INVERTER MODEL | 1.5KVA | 3.5KVA | 5.5KVA | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Input Voltage Waveform | Sin | usoidal (utility or gener | ator) | | | |
| Nominal Input Voltage | | 230Vac | | | | |
| Low Loss Voltage | | 170Vac±7V (UPS) | | | | |
| Low Loss Voltage | | 90Vac±7V (Appliances | 5) | | | |
| Low Loss Return Voltage | | 180Vac±7V (UPS); | | | | |
| | | 100Vac±7V (Appliance | s) | | | |
| High Loss Voltage | 280Vac±7V | | | | | |
| High Loss Return Voltage | | 270Vac±7V | | | | |
| Max AC Input Voltage | | 300Vac | | | | |
| Nominal Input Frequency | 50Hz / 60Hz (Auto detection) | | | | | |
| Low Loss Frequency | 40±1Hz | | | | | |
| Low Loss Return Frequency | 42±1Hz | | | | | |
| High Loss Frequency | 65±1Hz | | | | | |
| High Loss Return Frequency | | 63±1Hz | | | | |
| Output Short Circuit Protection | Line mode: Circuit Breaker | | | | | |
| output Short chedit i rotection | Battery mode: Electronic Circuits | | | | | |
| Efficiency (Line Mode) | >95% (R | Rated R load, battery fu | ll charged) | | | |
| Transfer Time | | 10ms typical (UPS); | | | | |
| Transfer Time | 20ms typical (Appliances) | | | | | |
| | Output Po | ower | | | | |
| Output power derating: | 1 | | | | | |
| When AC input voltage drops to 95V or | Rated Power · · · | | | | | |
| 170V depending on models, the output | 50% Power | | | | | |
| power will be derated. | Powel (** | | | | | |
| | | 90V 170V 280° | V Input Voltage | | | |

Table 2 Inverter Mode Specifications

| INVERTER MODEL | 1.5KVA | 3.5KVA | 5.5KVA | | |
|--|--|--------------|--------------|--|--|
| Rated Output Power | 1.5KVA/1.5KW | 3.5KVA/3.5KW | 5.5KVA/5.5KW | | |
| Output Voltage Waveform | Pure Sine Wave | | | | |
| Output Voltage Regulation | | 230Vac±5% | | | |
| Output Frequency | 60Hz or 50Hz | | | | |
| Peak Efficiency | 94% | | | | |
| Overload Protection | 5s@≥150% load; 10s@110%~150% load 5s@≥140% load; 10s@100%~140% load | | | | |
| Surge Capacity | 2* rated power for 5 seconds | | | | |
| Nominal DC Input Voltage | 24Vdc 48Vdc | | | | |
| Cold Start Voltage | 23.0 |)Vdc | 46.0Vdc | | |
| Low DC Warning Voltage | 22.0 |)Vdc | 44.0Vdc | | |
| @ load < 20% | 21.4 | łVdc | 42.8Vdc | | |
| @ 20% ≤ load < 50%@ load ≥ 50% | 20.2 | 2Vdc | 40.4Vdc | | |
| Low DC Warning Return Voltage | 23.0 |)Vdc | 46.0Vdc | | |
| @ load < 20% | 22.4 | łVdc | 44.8Vdc | | |
| @ 20% ≤ load < 50%@ load ≥ 50% | 21.2Vdc 42.4Vdc | | | | |
| Low DC Cut-off Voltage | 21.0Vdc 42.0Vdc | | | | |
| @ load < 20% | 20.4Vdc 40.8Vdc | | | | |
| @ 20% ≤ load < 50%@ load ≥ 50% | _ | 2Vdc | 38.4Vdc | | |

Table 3 Charge Mode Specifications

| | and a sharegon load apartment of | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Utility Chargin | ng Mode | | | | | | |
| INVERTER MO | DDEL | 1.5KVA | 3.5KVA | 5.5KVA | | | |
| AC Charging C | Current (Max) | 60Amp (@ V _{I/P} =230Vac) | 100Amp (@ V _{I/P} =230Vac) | 80Amp (@ V _{I/P} =230Vac) | | | |
| Bulk Charging Voltage | Flooded Battery | 29.2 | 2Vdc | 58.4Vdc | | | |
| | AGM / Gel Battery | 28.2 | 2Vdc | 56.4Vdc | | | |
| Floating Char | ging Voltage | 27' | Vdc | 54Vdc | | | |
| Overcharge P | rotection | 33' | Vdc | 63Vdc | | | |
| Charging Algo | orithm | | 3-Step | | | | |
| Charging Curv | /e | ∢ > ∢ | T1 T0, minimum 10mins, maximum atres Absorption Mainter (Constant Voltage) (Float | | | | |
| Solar Input | | | Τ | | | | |
| INVERTER MO | DDEL | 1.5KVA | 3.5KVA | 5.5KVA | | | |
| Rated Power | | 2000W | 5500W | | | | |
| Max. PV Array Voltage | Open Circuit | 500Vdc | | | | | |
| PV Array MPP Range | T Voltage | 120Vdc~450Vdc | | | | | |
| Max. Input Cu | ırrent | 10A | 15A | 18A | | | |
| | | · | | | | | |

Table 4 General Specifications

| INVERTER MODEL | 1.5KVA | 3.5KVA | 5.5KVA | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--------|--------|--|--|--|
| Safety Certification | CE | | | | | |
| Operating Temperature Range | -10°C to 55°C | | | | | |
| Storage temperature | -15°C~ 60°C | | | | | |
| Humidity | 5% to 95% Relative Humidity (Non-condensing) | | | | | |
| Dimension (D*W*H), mm | 448x295x105 | | | | | |
| Net Weight, kg | 7.4 | 8.2 | 9.9 | | | |

TROUBLE SHOOTING

| | JCD/LED/Burrer | Evalenation / Possible sever | Wh-++ |
|---|---|---|--|
| Problem | LCD/LED/Buzzer | Explanation / Possible cause | What to do |
| Unit shuts down automatically during startup process. | LCD/LEDs and buzzer will be active for 3 seconds and then complete off. | The battery voltage is too low | Re-charge battery. Replace battery. |
| No response after power on. | ower on. 2. Battery polarity is connected reversed. | | Check if batteries and the wiring are connected well. Re-charge battery. Replace battery. |
| | Input voltage is displayed as 0 on the LCD and green LED is flashing. | Input protector is tripped | Check if AC breaker is tripped and AC wiring is connected well. |
| Mains exist but the unit works in battery mode. | Green LED is flashing. | Insufficient quality of AC power. (Shore or Generator) | Check if AC wires are too thin and/or too long. Check if generator (if applied) is working well or if input voltage range setting is correct. (UPS→Appliance) |
| | Green LED is flashing. | Set "Solar First" as the priority of output source. | Change output source priority to Utility first. |
| When the unit is turned on, internal relay is switched on and off repeatedly. | LCD display and LEDs are flashing | Battery is disconnected. | Check if battery wires are connected well. |
| | Fault code 07 | Overload error. The inverter is overload 110% and time is up. | Reduce the connected load by switching off some equipment. |
| | Fault code 05 | Output short circuited. | Check if wiring is connected well and remove abnormal load. |
| | Fault code 02 | Internal temperature of inverter component is over 100°C. | Check whether the air flow of the unit is blocked or whether the ambient temperature is too high. |
| Buzzer beeps | | Battery is over-charged. | Return to repair center. |
| continuously and red LED is on. | Fault code 03 | The battery voltage is too high. | Check if spec and quantity of batteries are meet requirements. |
| | Fault code 06/22 | Output abnormal (Inverter voltage below than 190Vac or is higher than 260Vac) | Reduce the connected load. Return to repair center |
| | Fault code 08/09/15 | Internal components failed. | Return to repair center. |
| | Fault code 13 | Over current or surge. | Restart the unit, if the error happens again, |
| | Fault code 14 | Bus voltage is too low. | please return to repair |
| | Fault code 16 | Output voltage is unbalanced. | center. |
| | Another fault code | | If the wires is connected well, please return to repair center. |

Parallel Installation Guide

1. Instruction

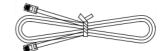
This inverter can be used in parallel with two different operation modes.

- 1. Parallel operation in single phase with up to 9 units. The supported maximum output power is 45KW/45KVA.
- 2. Maximum nine units work together to support three-phase equipment. Seven units support one phase maximum. The supported maximum output power is 45KW/45KVA and one phase can be up to 35KW/35KVA.

NOTE: If this unit is bundled with share current cable and parallel cable, this inverter is default supported parallel operation.

2. Package Contents

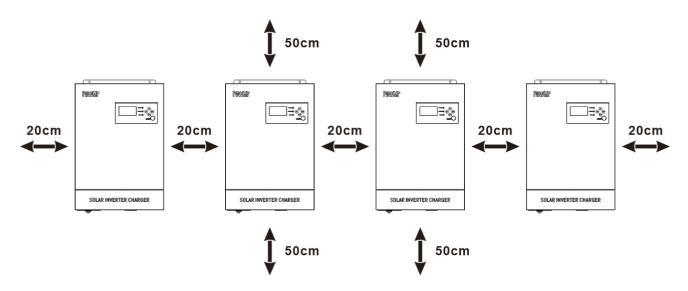
In parallel kit, you will find the following items in the package:



Parallel communication cable

3. Mounting the Unit

When installing multiple units, please follow below chart.



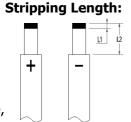
NOTE: For proper air circulation to dissipate heat, allow a clearance of approx. 20 cm to the side and approx. 50 cm above and below the unit. Be sure to install each unit in the same level.

4. Wiring Connection

NOTICE: It's requested to connect to battery for parallel operation.

The cable size of each inverter is shown as below: Recommended battery cable and terminal size for each inverter:

| Madal | Wina Sina | Cable | Dimensions | | Torque |
|--------|-----------|-----------------|------------|---------|---------|
| Model | Wire Size | mm ² | L1 (mm) | L2 (mm) | value |
| 3.5KVA | 2AWG | 38 | 3 | 18 | 2~ 3 Nm |
| 5.5KVA | 2AWG | 38 | 3 | 18 | 2~ 3 Nm |



WARNING: Be sure the length of all battery cables is the same. Otherwise, there will be voltage difference between inverter and battery to cause parallel inverters not working.

Recommended AC input and output cable size for each inverter:

| Model | AWG no. | Torque |
|--------|---------|-----------|
| 3.5KVA | 10 AWG | 1.4~1.6Nm |
| 5.5KVA | 8 AWG | 1.4~1.6Nm |

You need to connect the cables of each inverter together. Take the battery cables for example: You need to use a connector or bus-bar as a joint to connect the battery cables together, and then connect to the battery terminal. The cable size used from joint to battery should be X times cable size in the tables above. "X" indicates the number of inverters connected in parallel.

Regarding AC input and output, please also follow the same principle.

CAUTION!! Please install the breaker at the battery and AC input side. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of battery or AC input. The recommended mounted location of the breakers is shown in the figures in Point 5.

Recommended breaker specification of battery for each inverter:

| Model | 1 unit* |
|--------|------------|
| 3.5KVA | 100A/60VDC |
| 5.5KVA | 100A/60VDC |

^{*}If you want to use only one breaker at the battery side for the whole system, the rating of the breaker should be X times current of 1 unit. "X" indicates the number of inverters connected in parallel.

Recommended breaker specification of AC input with single phase:

| Model | 2 units | 3 units | 4 units | 5 units | 6 units | 7 units | 8 units | 9 units |
|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 3.5KVA | 80A | 120A | 160A | 200A | 240A | 280A | 320A | 360A |
| 5.5KVA | 100A | 150A | 200A | 250A | 300A | 350A | 400A | 450A |

Note1: Also, you can use 40A breaker (50A for 5KVA) for only 1 unit, and each inverter has a breaker at its AC input.

Recommended battery capacity

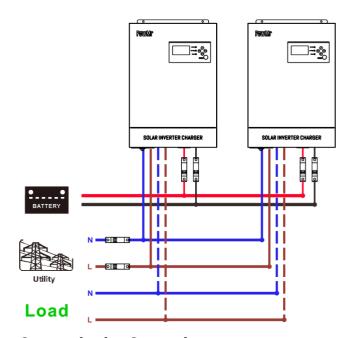
| Inverter parallel numbers | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Battery Capacity | 400AH | 600AH | 800AH | 1000AH | 1200AH | 1400AH | 1600AH | 1800AH |

WARNING! Be sure that all inverters will share the same battery bank. Otherwise, the inverters will transfer to fault mode.

5-1. Parallel Operation in Single phase

Two inverters in parallel:

Power Connection

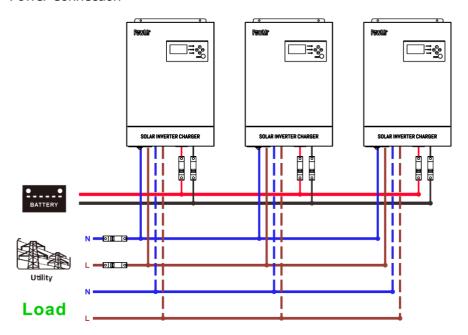


Communication Connection

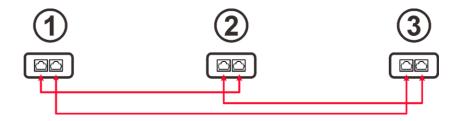


Three inverters in parallel:

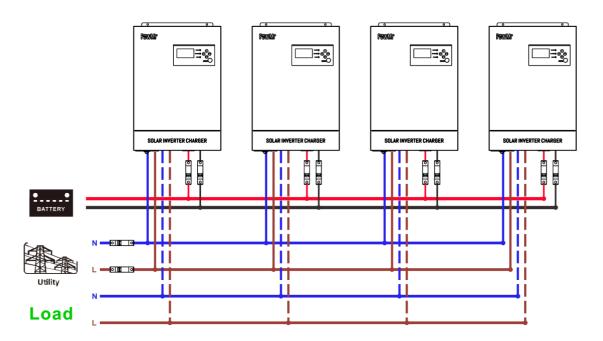
Power Connection



Communication Connection



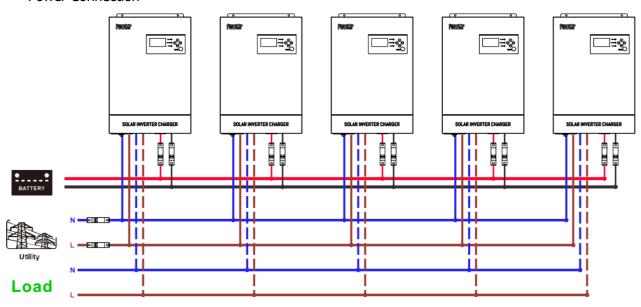
Four inverters in parallel:





Five inverters in parallel:

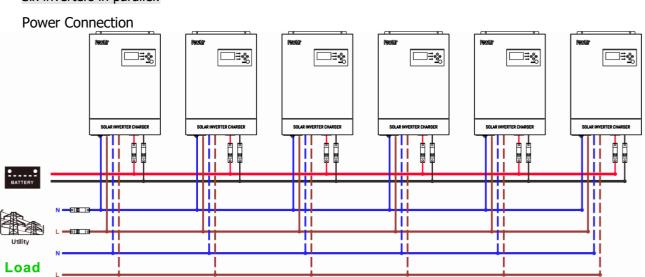
Power Connection

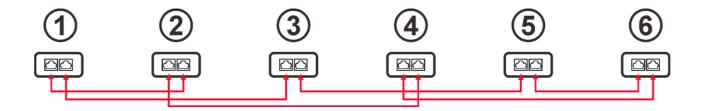


Communication Connection



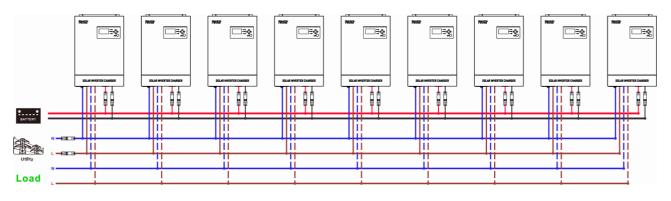
Six inverters in parallel:





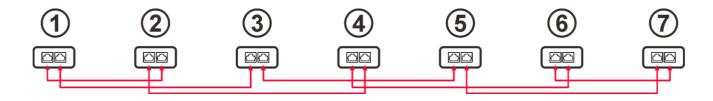
Seven to nine inverters in parallel:

Power Connection

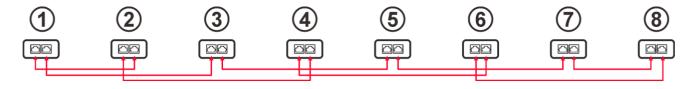


Communication Connection

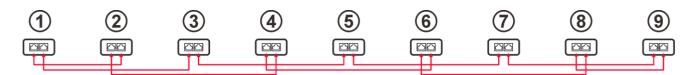
> Seven inverters in parallel



> Eight inverters in parallel



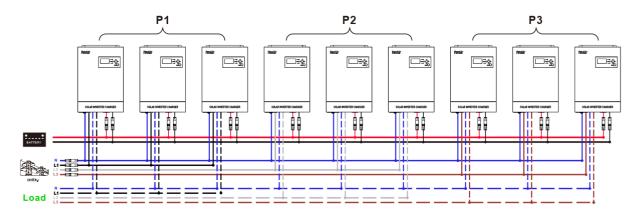
Nine inverters in parallel



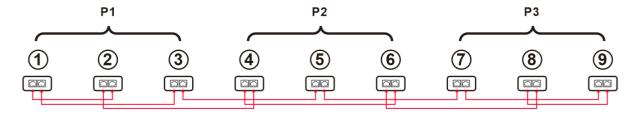
5-2. Support 3-phase equipment

Three inverters in each phase:

Power Connection

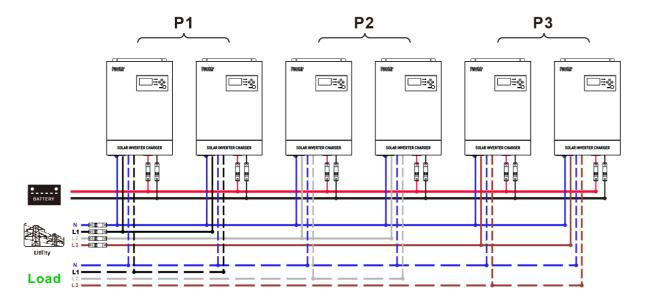


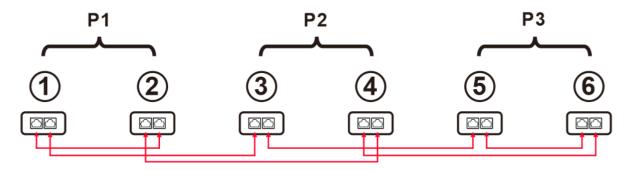
Communication Connection



WARNING: Do not connect the current sharing cable between the inverters which are in different phases. Otherwise, it may damage the inverters.

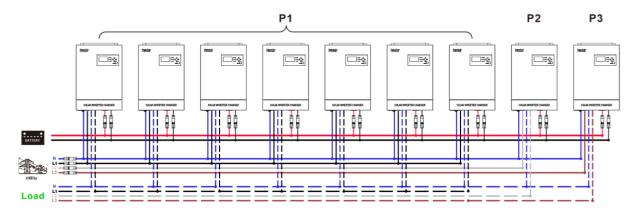
Two inverters in each phase:





Seven inverters in one phase and one inverter for the other two phases:

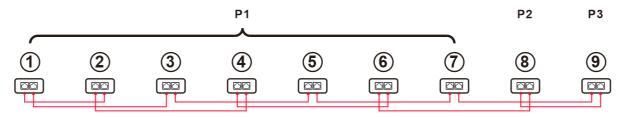
Power Connection



Note: It's up to customer's demand to pick 7 inverters on any phase.

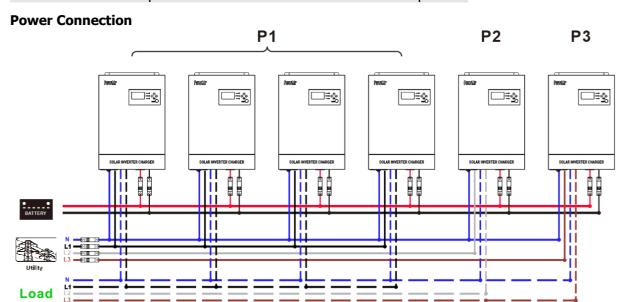
P1: L1-phase, P2: L2-phase, P3: L3-phase.

Communication Connection



Note: If there is only one unit in one phase, this unit doesn't need to connect the current sharing cable. Or you connect it like as below:

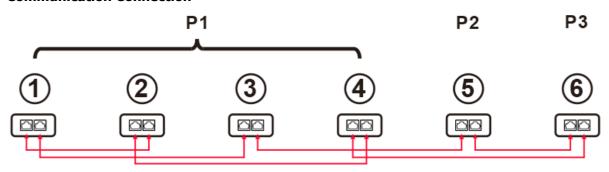
Four inverters in one phase and one inverter for the other two phases:



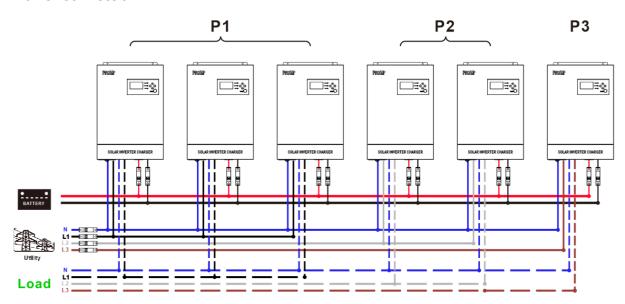
Note: It's up to customer's demand to pick 4 inverters on any phase.

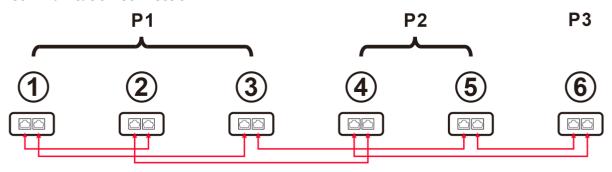
P1: L1-phase, P2: L2-phase, P3: L3-phase.

Communication Connection



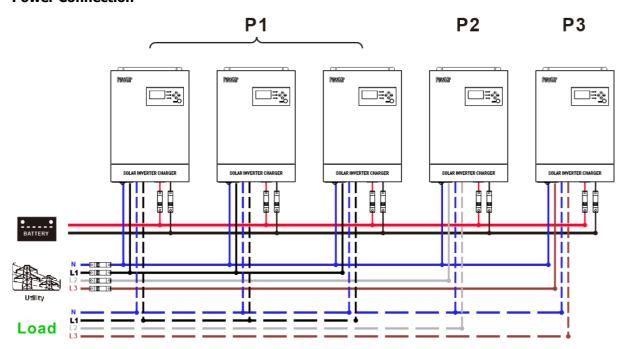
Three inverters in one phase, two inverters in second phase and one inverter for the third phase:



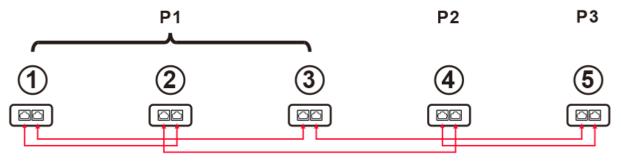


Three inverters in one phase and only one inverter for the remaining two phases:

Power Connection

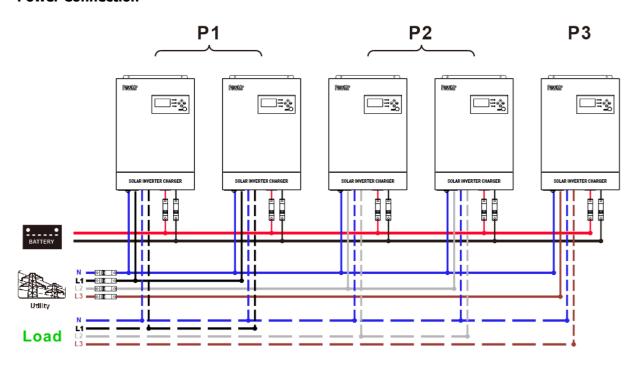


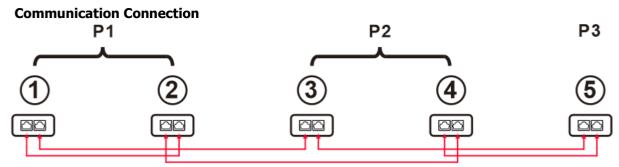
Communication Connection



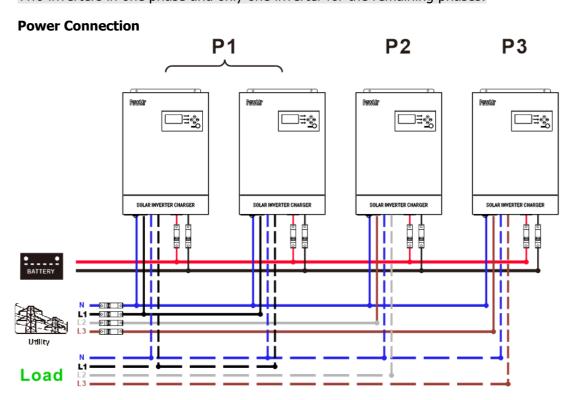
Two inverters in two phases and only one inverter for the remaining phase:

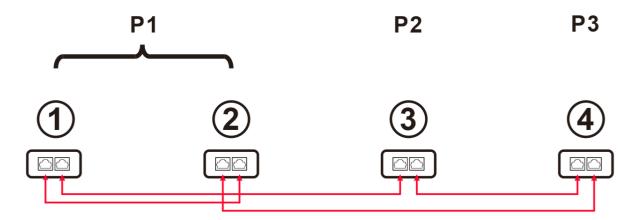
Power Connection



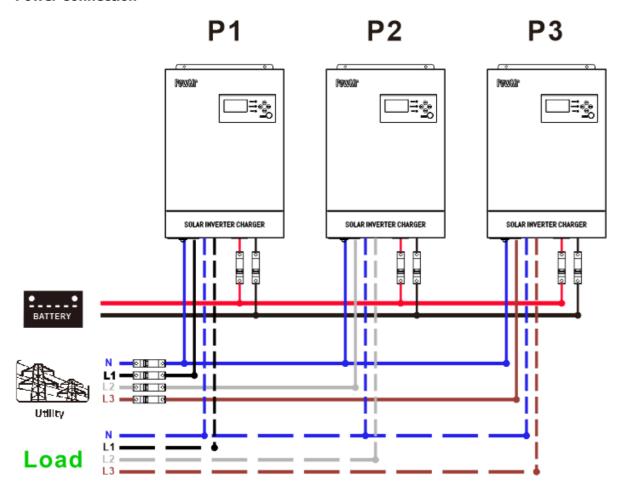


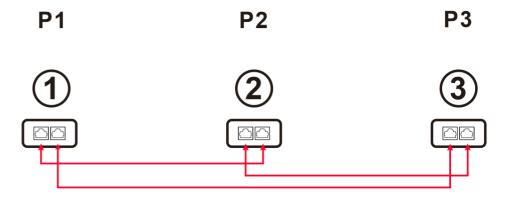
Two inverters in one phase and only one inverter for the remaining phases:





One inverter in each phase:





WARNING: Do not connect the current sharing cable between the inverters which are in different phases. Otherwise, it may damage the inverters.

6. PV Connection

Please refer to user manual of single unit for PV Connection.

CAUTION: Each inverter should connect to PV modules separately.

7. LCD Setting and Display

Setting Program:

| Program | Description | | Selectable option |
|---------|---|--|--|
| | | Single: This inverter is used in single phase application. | Parallel: This inverter is operated in parallel system. (Need hardware support) |
| 28 | AC output mode | L1 phase 3P | The inverter is operated in L1 phase in 3-phase application |
| | | L2 phase | The inverter is operated in L2 phase in 3-phase application |
| | | 28 3P3 | The inverter is operated in L3 phase in 3-phase application |
| | PV judge condition (Only apply for | One Inverter (Default): | When "ONE" is selected, as long as one of inverters has been connected to PV modules and PV input is normal, parallel or 3-phase system will continue working according to rule of "solar first" setting. For example, two units are connected in parallel and set "SOL" in output source priority. If one of two units has connected to PV modules and PV input is normal, the parallel system will provide power to loads from solar or battery power. If both of them are not sufficient, the system will provide power to loads from utility. |
| 30 | setting "Solar first" in program 1: Output source priority) | All of Inverters: | When "ALL" is selected, parallel or 3-phase system will continue working according to rule of "solar first" setting only when all of inverters are connected to PV modules. For example, two units are connected in parallel and set "SOL" in output source priority. When selecting "ALL" in program 30, it's necessary to have all inverters connected to PV modules and PV input is normal to allow the system to provide power to loads from solar and battery power. Otherwise, the system will provide power to loads from utility. |

Fault code display:

| Fault Code | Fault Event | Icon on |
|------------|-------------------------------|---------|
| 24 | Host loss | |
| 25 | Synchronization loss | |
| 27 | Firmware version inconsistent | |

Warning code display:

| Warning Code | Warning Event | Icon on |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|---------|
| 16 | CAN communication loss | |
| 17 | AC output mode setting is different | |
| 18 | Battery voltage detected different | |

8. Commissioning

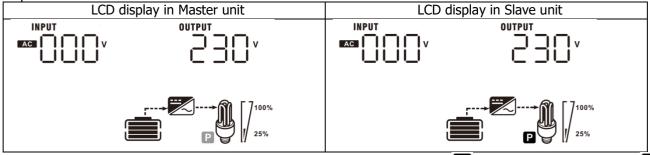
Parallel in single phase

Step 1: Check the following requirements before commissioning:

- Correct wire connection
- Ensure all breakers in Line wires of load side are open and each Neutral wires of each unit are connected together.

Step 2: Turn on each unit and set "PAL" in LCD setting program 28 of each unit. And then shut down all units. **NOET:** It's necessary to turn off switch when setting LCD program. Otherwise, the setting can not be programmed.

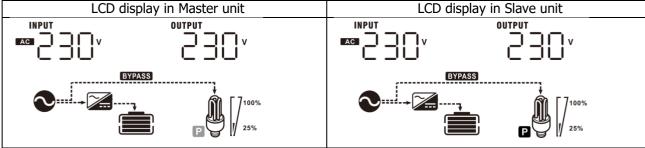
Step 3: Turn on each unit.



NOTE: Master and slave units are randomly defined. If it is master the icon blinks, if it is slave the icon normally on.

Step 4: Switch on all AC breakers of Line wires in AC input. It's better to have all inverters connect to utility

at the same time. If detecting AC connection, they will work normally.



Step 5: If there is no more fault alarm, the parallel system is completely installed.

Step 6: Please switch on all breakers of Line wires in load side. This system will start to provide power to the load.

9. Trouble shooting

| Situation | | | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Fault Code | Fault Event Description | Solution | | |
| 24 | Host data loss | Check if communication cables are connected well and restart the inverter. If the problem remains, please contact your installer. | | |
| 25 | Synchronization data loss | Check if communication cables are connected well and restart the inverter. If the problem remains, please contact your installer. | | |
| 27 | Firmware version inconsistent | Update all inverter firmware to the same version. Check the version of each inverter via LCD setting and make sure the CPU versions are same. If not, please contact your instraller to provide the firmware to update. | | |
| | | 3. After updating, if the problem still remains, please contact your installer. | | |

| Situation | | | | |
|-----------------|---|--|--|--|
| Warning Code | Warning Event Description | Solution | | |
| 16 | CAN communication loss | Check if communication cables are connected well and restart the inverter. If the problem remains, please contact your installer. | | |
| 17 | AC output mode setting is different. | Switch off the inverter and check LCD setting #28. For parallel system in single phase, make sure "PAL" is set on #28. If the problem remains, please contact your installer. | | |
| 18 | The battery voltage of each inverter is not the same. | Make sure all inverters share same groups of batteries together. Remove all loads and disconnect AC input and PV input. Then, check battery voltage of all inverters. If the values from all inverters are close, please check if all battery cables are the same length and same material type. Otherwise, please contact your installer to provide SOP to calibrate battery voltage of each inverter. If the problem still remains, please contact your installer. | | |

POWM

SHENZHEN HEHEJIN INDUSTRIAL CO.,LTD

Tel/Fax: +86 755-28219903

Email: aftersale@ysolartech.com

Web: www.ysolartech.com

Add: Henggang Street, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China